SENATE BILL No. 146

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 31-9-2; IC 31-18.

Synopsis: Uniform Interstate Family Support Act. Amends the jurisdictional requirements of the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act (UIFSA) for modification of support orders issued by a tribunal of another state, a foreign country, or a political subdivision. Amends the requirements for an Indiana tribunal to establish continuing, exclusive jurisdiction for a support order issued under UIFSA. Empowers an Indiana tribunal to establish a controlling support order if two or more orders are issued for the same obligor and same child. Requires an Indiana tribunal enforcing a foreign child support order to convert the amount of support owed into dollars. Requires an Indiana Title IV-D agency: (1) to ensure that a child support order for which it requests registration is controlling; (2) to convert into dollar amounts the amounts stated in a foreign currency in an order or judgment for which it requests registration; and (3) to redirect child support payments to a Title IV-D agency in another state if none of the following live in Indiana: (A) the obligor; (B) the obligee; or (C) the child. Repeals the provision that cites to IC 31-18 as the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act.

Effective: July 1, 2005.

Simpson

January 4, 2005, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.



First Regular Session 114th General Assembly (2005)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2004 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

C

SENATE BILL No. 146

3

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning family law and juvenile law.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

У

1	SECTION 1. IC 31-9-2-89 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 89. (a) "Person", for
3	purposes of the juvenile law, means:

- (1) a human being;
- (2) a corporation;
- (3) a limited liability company;
- (4) a partnership;
- (5) an unincorporated association; or
- (6) a governmental entity.
- (b) "Person", for purposes of section 44.5 of this chapter, means an adult or a minor.
- (c) "Person", for purposes of the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act (IC 31-18), has the meaning set forth in IC 31-18-1-15.3.
- SECTION 2. IC 31-9-2-102.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: **Sec. 102.5.** "**Record**", **for purposes of**



5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

1	the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act (IC 31-18), has the
2	meaning set forth in IC 31-18-1-15.5.
3	SECTION 3. IC 31-18-1-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 9. "Initiating state"
5	means a state in which a proceeding is forwarded or in which a
6	proceeding is filed for forwarding to a responding state under
7	(1) this article or a law substantially similar to this article.
8	(2) the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act; or
9	(3) the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act.
0	SECTION 4. IC 31-18-1-15.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
1	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 15.3. "Person" means an
.3	individual, a corporation, a business trust, an estate, a trust, a
4	partnership, a limited liability company, an association, a joint
.5	venture, a government, a government subdivision, a government
.6	agency, a government instrumentality, a public corporation, or
.7	any other legal or commercial entity.
. 8	SECTION 5. IC 31-18-1-15.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
.9	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
20	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 15.5. "Record" means
21	information that is:
22	(1) inscribed on a tangible medium; or
23	(2) stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable
24	in perceivable form.
25	SECTION 6. IC 31-18-1-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 18. "Responding state"
27	means a state to which a proceeding is filed or to which a proceeding
28	is forwarded for filing from an initiating state under
29	(1) this article or a law substantially similar to this article. (2) the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act; or
50 51	(2) the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act.
52	SECTION 7. IC 31-18-1-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 21. "State" means
54	(1) a state of the United States,
35	(1) a state of the Officer States, (2) the District of Columbia,
66	(2) the District of Columbia, (3) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or
57	(3) the Commonwealth of Fuelto Rico, of (4) any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction
88	of the United States.
i9	The term includes:
10	(1) an Indian tribe; and
1	(2) a foreign jurisdiction country or political subdivision that
12	have has:
_	1107 T = 1100 D T



1	(A) been declared to be a foreign reciprocating country or
2	political subdivision under federal law;
3	(B) established a reciprocal arrangement for child support
4	with Indiana as provided in IC 31-18-3-8; or
5	(C) enacted a law or established procedures for issuing and
6	enforcing support orders that are substantially similar to the
7	procedures under this article. or the procedures under the
8	Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act or the
9	Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act.
10	SECTION 8. IC 31-18-1-23 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
11	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 23. "Support
12	enforcement agency" means a public official or an agency authorized
13	to seek to:
14	(1) enforce a support order or laws regarding the duty of support;
15	(2) establish or modify child support;
16	(3) establish paternity; or
17	(4) locate an obligor or the obligor's assets; or
18	(5) determine a controlling child support order.
19	SECTION 9. IC 31-18-1-24 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 24. "Support order"
21	means a judgment, a decree, a directive, or an order, whether:
22	(1) temporary;
23	(2) final; or
24	(3) subject to modification;
25	issued by a tribunal for the benefit of a child, a spouse, or a former
26	spouse, which provides for monetary support, health care, arrearages,
27	or reimbursement, and may include related costs and fees, interest,
28	income withholding, attorney's fees, and other relief.
29 30	SECTION 10. IC 31-18-2-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1. (a) In a proceeding
31 32	to establish or enforce or modify a support order or to determine paternity, an Indiana tribunal may exercise personal jurisdiction over
33	a nonresident individual or the individual's guardian or conservator if:
34	(1) the individual is personally served with notice in Indiana;
35	(2) the individual submits to the jurisdiction of Indiana by:
36	(A) consent;
37	(B) entering an appearance, except for the purpose of
38	contesting jurisdiction; or
39	(C) filing a responsive document having the effect of waiving
40	contest to personal jurisdiction;
	(3) the individual resided in Indiana with the child;
41	



1	expenses or support for the child;
2	(5) the child resides in Indiana as a result of the acts or directives
3	of the individual;
4	(6) the individual engaged in sexual intercourse in Indiana and the
5	child:
6	(A) has been conceived by the act of intercourse; or
7	(B) may have been conceived by the act of intercourse if the
8	proceeding is to establish paternity;
9	(7) the individual asserted paternity of the child in the putative
10	father registry administered by the state department of health
11	under IC 31-19-5; or
12	(8) there is any other basis consistent with the Constitution of the
13	State of Indiana and the Constitution of the United States for the
14	exercise of personal jurisdiction.
15	(b) The bases of personal jurisdiction under subsection (a) or in
16	any other Indiana law may not be used to acquire personal
17	jurisdiction for an Indiana tribunal to modify a child support order
18	of another state unless the requirements of IC 31-18-6-11 or
19	IC 31-18-6-14 are satisfied.
20	SECTION 11. IC 31-18-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
21	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 2. An Indiana tribunal
22	exercising personal jurisdiction over a nonresident under section 1 of
23	this chapter may apply:
24	(1) IC 31-18-3-16 to receive evidence from another state (special
25	rules of evidence established by this article regarding long arm
26	jurisdiction cases); and
27	(2) IC 31-18-3-18 to obtain discovery assistance through a
28	tribunal of another state (special rules of procedure established by
29	this article for obtaining discovery in long arm jurisdiction cases).
30	In all other respects, the tribunal shall apply the procedural and
31	substantive law of Indiana, including the rules on choice of law
32	other than those established by this article.
33	Personal jurisdiction acquired by an Indiana tribunal in a
34	proceeding under this article or other Indiana law relating to a
35	support order continues as long as an Indiana tribunal has
36	continuing, exclusive jurisdiction to modify its order or continuing
37	jurisdiction to enforce its order under section 5, 6, or 12 of this
38	chapter.
39	SECTION 12. IC 31-18-2-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 5. (a) An Indiana
41	tribunal that issues has issued a support order consistent with Indiana
42	law has and shall exercise continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a to



1	modify the child support order if the order is the controlling order	
2	and:	
3	(1) if at the time of the filing of a request for modification,	
4	Indiana remains is the residence of the:	
5	(A) obligor;	
6	(B) individual obligee; or	
7	(C) child for whose benefit the support order is issued; or	
8	(2) until each individual party has filed written consent with the	
9	Indiana tribunal for a tribunal of another state to modify the order	
0	and assume continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.	
1	(2) even if Indiana is not the residence of the:	
2	(A) obligor;	
3	(B) individual obligee; or	
4	(C) child for whose benefit the support order is issued;	
.5	each individual party consents in a record or in open court	_
6	that the Indiana tribunal may continue to exercise jurisdiction	
7	to modify its order.	
8	Nothing in this section is intended to divest a court of jurisdiction to	
9	enforce a judgment that has been previously issued in favor of any	
20	party, including any state or to prevent a Title IV-D agency or its agents	
21	from collecting on a judgment previously issued through a judicial or	
22	an administrative proceeding.	
23	(b) An Indiana tribunal that issues has issued a child support order	
24	consistent with Indiana law may not exercise its continuing, exclusive	_
25	jurisdiction to modify the order if: the order has been modified by a	
26	tribunal of another state that has exercised continuing, exclusive	
27	jurisdiction over the order under a law substantially similar to this	
28	article.	W
29	(1) each party who is an individual files consent in a record	
0	with the Indiana tribunal that a tribunal of another state that:	
31	(A) has jurisdiction over at least one (1) of the parties who	
32	is an individual; or	
3	(B) is located in the state of residence of the child;	
34	may modify the order and assume continuing, exclusive	
35	jurisdiction; or	
66	(2) the tribunal's order is not the controlling order.	
37	(c) If an Indiana child support order is modified by a tribunal of	
8	another state under a law substantially similar to this article, the	
19	Indiana tribunal:	
10	(1) loses its continuing, exclusive jurisdiction with regard to	
1	prospective enforcement of the order issued in Indiana; and	
12	(2) may only:	



1	(1) Enforce the order that was modified concerning amounts	
2	accruing before the modification.	
3	(2) Enforce nonmodifiable aspects of that order.	
4	(3) Provide other appropriate relief for a violation of the order	
5	that occurred before the effective date of the modification.	
6	(4) Recognize the modifying order of the other state, upon	
7	registration, for the purpose of enforcement.	
8	(d) An Indiana (c) If a tribunal shall recognize the continuing,	
9	exclusive jurisdiction of a tribunal of another state that has issued a	
10	child support order under the Uniform Interstate Family Support	4
11	Act or a law substantially similar to this article: and that order	
12	modifies a child support order of an Indiana tribunal, the Indiana	`
13	tribunal shall recognize the continuing, exclusive jurisdiction of the	
14	tribunal of the other state.	
15	(d) An Indiana tribunal that lacks continuing, exclusive	
16	jurisdiction to modify a child support order may serve as an	4
17	initiating tribunal to request a tribunal of another state to modify	
18	a support order issued in the other state.	
19	(e) A temporary support order issued ex parte or a pending	
20	resolution of a jurisdictional conflict does not create continuing,	
21	exclusive jurisdiction in the issuing tribunal.	
22	(f) An Indiana tribunal that issues a support order consistent with	
23	Indiana law has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a spousal	
24	support order throughout the existence of the support obligation. An	
25	Indiana tribunal may not modify a spousal support order issued by a	
26	tribunal of another state having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over	
27	the order under the law of the other state.	1
28	SECTION 13. IC 31-18-2-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	`
29	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 6. (a) An Indiana	
30	tribunal that has issued a child support order consistent with	
31	Indiana law may serve as an initiating tribunal to request a tribunal of	
32	another state to enforce: or modify a support order issued in that other	
33	state.	
34	(1) the order, if the order is the controlling order and has not	
35	been modified by a tribunal of another state that assumed	
36	jurisdiction under the Uniform Interstate Family Support	
37	Act; or	
38	(2) a money judgment for arrearage of support and interest	
39	on the order accrued before a determination that an order of	
40	another state is the controlling order.	
41	(b) An Indiana tribunal having continuing exclusive jurisdiction	
42	over a support order may act as a responding tribunal to enforce or	



1	modify the order. If a party subject to the continuing, exclusive	
2	jurisdiction of the tribunal no longer resides in the issuing state, in	
3	subsequent proceedings the tribunal may apply:	
4	(1) IC 31-18-3-16 regarding receiving evidence from another	
5	state; and	
6	(2) IC 31-18-3-18 regarding obtaining discovery through a	
7	tribunal of another state.	
8	(c) An Indiana tribunal that lacks continuing, exclusive jurisdiction	
9	over a spousal support order may not serve as a responding tribunal to	
10	modify a spousal support order of another state.	
11	SECTION 14. IC 31-18-2-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 7. (a) If a proceeding	
13	is brought under this article and one (1) or more child support orders	
14	have been issued in Indiana or another state with regard to an the same	
15	obligor and a the same child, an Indiana tribunal having personal	
16	jurisdiction over both the obligor and individual obligee shall apply	
17	the following rules in determining and by order shall determine	,
18	which order to recognize for purposes of continuing, exclusive	
19	jurisdiction: controls:	
20	(1) If only one (1) tribunal has issued a child support order, the	
21	order of that tribunal is controlling and must be recognized.	
22	(2) If two (2) or more tribunals have issued child support orders	
23	for the same obligor and same child, and only one (1) of the	
24	tribunals has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction in accordance with	
25	this article, the order of that tribunal is controlling and must be	
26	recognized.	_
27	(3) If two (2) or more tribunals have issued child support orders	'
28	for the same obligor and same child, and more than one (1) of the	
29	tribunals has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction in accordance with	1
30	this article, an order issued by a tribunal in the current home state	
31	of the child must be recognized. is controlling. However, if an	
32	order has not been issued in the current home state of the child,	
33	the order most recently issued must be recognized: is controlling.	
34	(4) If two (2) or more tribunals have issued child support orders	
35	for the same obligor and same child, and none of the tribunals has	
36	continuing, exclusive jurisdiction in accordance with this article,	
37	the Indiana tribunal shall issue a child support order that is	
38	controlling. and must be recognized.	
39	(b) The tribunal that has issued an order recognized under	
40	subsection (a) is the tribunal having has continuing exclusive	
41	jurisdiction as provided in sections 5 and 6 of this chapter.	
42	(c) If two (2) or more child support orders have been issued for the	



same obligor and same child, and if the obligor or the individual obligee resides in Indiana, a upon request of a party may request who is an individual or a Title IV-D agency, an Indiana tribunal to that has personal jurisdiction over the obligor and obligee who is an individual shall determine which order controls and must be recognized under subsection (a). The request must be accompanied by a certified copy of all support orders in effect. Each party whose rights may be affected by a determination of the controlling order must be given notice of the request for that determination. may be filed with a registration for enforcement or a registration for modification under IC 31-18-6, or as a separate proceeding.

SECTION 15. IC 31-18-2-7.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 7.5. (a) An Indiana tribunal that:

- (1) determines by order the identity of which is the controlling child support order under section 7(a)(1), 7(a)(2), or 7(a)(3) of this chapter; or
- (2) issues a new controlling child support order under section 7(a)(4) of this chapter;

shall include in that order the basis upon which the tribunal made the determination. The Indiana tribunal shall also include the amount of prospective support, consolidated arrearage, and accumulated interest, if any, under all the orders after all payments are credited under section 9 of this chapter.

- (b) A request for determination of a controlling order under section 7 of this chapter must be accompanied by each child support order in effect and a record of payments. The requesting party shall give notice to each party whose rights may be affected by the determination.
- (b) (c) Not later than thirty (30) days after issuance of the order determining the identity of which is the controlling order, the party obtaining the order shall file a certified copy of the order with in each tribunal that has issued or registered an earlier order of child support. Failure of the party or Title IV-D agency obtaining the order to file a certified copy as required subjects the party to appropriate sanctions by a tribunal in which the issue of failure to file arises. However, the failure has no effect on the validity or enforceability of the controlling order.
- (d) An order that has been determined to be controlling or a judgment for consolidated arrearage or interest, if any, made under this section must be recognized in a proceeding under this article.









1	SECTION 16. IC 31-18-2-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 8. In responding to
3	multiple registrations or petitions for enforcement of two (2) or more
4	child support orders in effect at the same time regarding:
5	(1) the same obligor; and
6	(2) different individual obligees;
7	at least one (1) of which was issued by a tribunal of another state, an
8	Indiana tribunal shall enforce the orders in the same manner as if the
9	multiple orders had been issued by an Indiana tribunal.
0	SECTION 17. IC 31-18-2-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 9. An Indiana tribunal
2	shall credit amounts collected and credited for a period as the result of
3	a child support order against amounts owed for the same period
4	under another child support order for the same child issued by an
5	Indiana tribunal or a tribunal of another state. must be credited
6	against the amounts accruing or accrued for the same period under a
.7	support order issued by an Indiana tribunal.
. 8	SECTION 18. IC 31-18-2-11 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
9	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
20	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 11. (a) An Indiana tribunal
21	exercising personal jurisdiction over a nonresident in a proceeding:
22	(1) under this article;
23	(2) under other Indiana law relating to a support order; or
24	(3) that recognizes a support order of a foreign country or
25	political subdivision on the basis of comity;
26	may receive evidence as provided under subsection (b).
27	(b) The Indiana tribunal may apply:
28	(1) IC 31-18-3-16 to receive evidence from another state;
29	(2) IC 31-18-3-17 to communicate with a tribunal from
0	another state; and
1	(3) IC 31-18-3-18 to obtain discovery assistance through a
32	tribunal of another state.
33	In all other respects, IC 31-18-3 through IC 31-18-7 do not apply,
34	and the tribunal shall apply the procedural and substantive law of
55	Indiana.
56	SECTION 19. IC 31-18-2-12 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
57	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 12. (a) An Indiana tribunal that
19	issues a spousal support order consistent with Indiana law has
10	continuing, exclusive jurisdiction to modify the spousal support
1	order throughout the existence of the support obligation.
12	(b) An Indiana tribunal may not modify a spousal support order



1	issued by a tribunal of another state that has continuing, exclusive
2	jurisdiction over that order under the law of that state.
3	(c) An Indiana tribunal that has continuing, exclusive
4	jurisdiction over a spousal support order may serve as:
5	(1) an initiating tribunal to request a tribunal of another state
6	to enforce a spousal support order issued in Indiana; or
7	(2) a responding tribunal to enforce or modify its own spousal
8	support order.
9	SECTION 20. IC 31-18-3-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as
11	otherwise provided in this article, this chapter applies to all
12	proceedings under this article.
13	(b) this article provides for the following proceedings:
14	(1) Establishment of an order for spousal support or child support
15	under IC 31-18-4.
16	(2) Enforcement of a support order and an income withholding
17	order of another state without registration under IC 31-18-5.
18	(3) Registration of an order for spousal support or child support
19	of another state for enforcement under IC 31-18-6.
20	(4) Modification of an order for child support or spousal support
21	issued by an Indiana tribunal under IC 31-18-2.
22	(5) Registration of an order for child support of another state for
23	modification under IC 31-18-6.
24	(6) Determination of paternity under IC 31-18-7.
25	(7) Assertion of jurisdiction over nonresidents under IC 31-18-2.
26	(c) (b) An individual petitioner or a support enforcement agency
27	may commence initiate a proceeding authorized under this article by
28	filing a petition or comparable pleading in:
29	(1) an initiating tribunal for forwarding to a responding tribunal;
30	or
31	(2) a tribunal of another state that has or is able to obtain personal
32	jurisdiction over the respondent.
33	SECTION 21. IC 31-18-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
34	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 3. Except as otherwise
35	provided by in this article, a responding Indiana tribunal:
36	(1) shall apply the procedural and substantive law including the
37	rules on choice of law, generally applicable to similar proceedings
38	originating in Indiana and may:
39	(A) may exercise all powers; and
40	(B) provide all remedies;
41	available in the proceedings; and
42	(2) shall determine the duty of support and the amount payable



1	under the child support guidelines adopted by the Indiana
2	supreme court and any other relevant Indiana law.
3	SECTION 22. IC 31-18-3-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 4. (a) Upon the filing
5	of a petition authorized by this article, an initiating Indiana tribunal
6	shall forward three (3) copies of the petition and its accompanying
7	documents to:
8	(1) the responding tribunal; or
9	(2) an appropriate support enforcement agency in the responding
10	state.
11	However, if the identity of the responding tribunal is unknown, the
12	copies petition must be forwarded to the state information agency of
13	the responding state with a request for the copies petition to be
14	forwarded to the appropriate tribunal and for receipt to be
15	acknowledged.
16	(b) If a responding state has not enacted the Uniform Interstate
17	Family Support Act or a law or procedure substantially similar to the
18	Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, requested by a responding
19	tribunal, an Indiana tribunal may shall issue a certificate or other
20	documents and make findings required by the law of the responding
21	state. If the responding state is a foreign jurisdiction, country or
22	political subdivision, the tribunal may shall upon request:
23	(1) specify the amount of support sought; and
24	(2) convert that amount into the equivalent amount in the
25	foreign currency under applicable official exchange rates as
26	publicly reported; and
27	(3) provide any other documents necessary to satisfy the
28	requirements of the responding state.
29	SECTION 23. IC 31-18-3-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 5. (a) When a
31	responding Indiana tribunal receives a petition or comparable pleading
32	from an initiating tribunal or directly under section 1(c) 1(b) of this
33	chapter, the responding tribunal shall:
34	(1) file the petition or pleading; and
35	(2) notify the petitioner by first class mail of the location and date
36	that the petition or comparable pleading was filed.
37	(b) A responding Indiana tribunal, to the extent otherwise
38	authorized not prohibited by other law, may do one (1) or more of the
39	following:
40	(1) Issue or enforce a support order, modify a child support order,
41	determine a controlling support order, or enter a judgment to



establish paternity.

1	(2) Order an obligor to comply with a support order, specifying	
2	the amount and the manner of compliance.	
3	(3) Order income withholding.	
4	(4) Determine the amount of any arrearages and specify a method	
5	of payment.	
6	(5) Enforce orders by civil or criminal contempt, or both.	
7	(6) Set aside property for satisfaction of the support order.	
8	(7) Place liens and order execution on the obligor's property.	
9	(8) Order an obligor to keep a tribunal informed of the obligor's	
10	current:	
11	(A) residential address;	
12	(B) telephone number;	
13	(C) income payor;	
14	(D) address of employment; and	
15	(E) telephone number at the place of employment.	
16	(9) Issue a bench warrant or body attachment for an obligor who	
17	has failed after proper notice to appear at a hearing ordered by the	
18	tribunal, and enter the bench warrant in any local and state	
19	computer systems for criminal warrants.	
20	(10) Order the obligor to seek appropriate employment by	
21	specified methods.	
22	(11) Award reasonable attorney's fees and other fees and costs.	
23	(12) As appropriate, grant any other available remedy under	
24	federal or state law.	_
25	(c) A responding Indiana tribunal shall include in:	
26	(1) a support order issued under this article; or	_
27	(2) the documents accompanying the order;	
28	the calculations upon which the support order is based.	Y
29	(d) A responding Indiana tribunal may not condition the payment of	
30	a support order issued under this article upon a party's compliance with	
31	provisions for visitation.	
32	(e) If a responding Indiana tribunal issues an order under this article,	
33	the Indiana tribunal shall send a copy of the order by first class mail to	
34	the:	
35	(1) petitioner;	
36	(2) respondent; and	
37	(3) initiating tribunal, if any.	
38	(f) If requested to:	
39	(1) enforce:	
40	(A) a support order;	
41	(B) an arrearage; or	
12	(C) a judgment; or	



1	(2) modify a support order;
2	stated in a foreign currency, a responding Indiana tribunal shall
3	convert the amount stated in the foreign currency to the equivalent
4	amount in dollars under the applicable exchange rates as publicly
5	reported.
6	SECTION 24. IC 31-18-3-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 7. (a) An Indiana Title
8	IV-D agency, upon request, shall provide services to a petitioner who
9	is an obligee in a proceeding under this article.
10	(b) A An Indiana Title IV-D agency, or its agents, that is providing
11	services to the petitioner under this article shall:
12	(1) take the steps necessary to enable an appropriate Indiana
13	tribunal or another state to obtain jurisdiction over the respondent;
14	(2) request an appropriate tribunal to set a date, time, and place
15	for a hearing;
16	(3) make a reasonable effort to obtain all relevant information,
17	including information regarding income and property of the
18	parties;
19	(4) not later than ten (10) days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays,
20	and legal holidays, after receipt of a written notice in a record
21	from an initiating, a responding, or a registering tribunal, send a
22	copy of the notice by first class mail to the petitioner;
23	(5) not later than ten (10) days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays,
24	and legal holidays, after receipt of a written communication in a
25	record from the respondent or the respondent's attorney, send a
26	copy of the communication by first class mail to the petitioner;
27	and
28	(6) notify the petitioner if jurisdiction over the respondent may
29	not be obtained.
30	(c) An Indiana Title IV-D agency that requests registration of
31	a child support order in Indiana for enforcement or for
32	modification shall make reasonable efforts:
33	(1) to ensure that the order to be registered is the controlling
34	order; or
35	(2) if two (2) or more child support orders exist and the
36	identity of the controlling order has not been determined, to
37	ensure that a request for such a determination is made in a
38	tribunal having jurisdiction to do so.
39	(d) An Indiana Title IV-D agency that requests registration and
40	enforcement of a support order, an arrearage, or a judgment
41	stated in a foreign currency shall convert the amounts stated in the
42	foreign currency into equivalent amounts in dollars under



1	applicable official exchange rates as publicly reported.
2	(e) An Indiana Title IV-D agency shall issue or request an
3	Indiana tribunal to issue a child support order and an income
4	withholding order that redirect payment of current support,
5	arrearage, and interest if requested to do so by a Title IV-D agency
6	of another state under section 19 of this chapter or an equivalent
7	provision of the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act.
8	(c) (f) This article does not create or negate:
9	(1) an attorney-client; or
10	(2) other fiduciary;
11	relationship between an attorney for either the Title IV-D agency or its
12	agents and the individual being assisted.
13	SECTION 25. IC 31-18-3-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 8. (a) If the division of
15	family and children determines that an agent of the Title IV-D agency
16	is neglecting or refusing to provide services to an individual, the
17	division may:
18	(1) direct the agent to perform duties of the agent under this
19	article; or
20	(2) provide the services directly to the individual.
21	(b) The division of family and children may determine that a
22	foreign country or political subdivision has established a reciprocal
23	arrangement for child support with Indiana and take appropriate
24	action for notification and determination.
25	SECTION 26. IC 31-18-3-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 10. (a) The division of
27	family and children is the state information agency for Indiana under
28	this article.
29	(b) The division of family and children shall do the following:
30	(1) Compile and maintain a current list, including addresses, of
31	each Indiana tribunal that has jurisdiction under this article and
32	transmit a copy of the list to the state information agency of every
33	state.
34	(2) Maintain a registry of names and addresses of tribunals and
35	support enforcement agencies received from other states.
36	(3) Forward to the appropriate tribunal in the location in Indiana
37	in which:
38	(A) the obligee who is an individual or the obligor resides; or
39	(B) the obligor's property is believed to be located;
40	all documents concerning a proceeding under this article received
41	from an initiating tribunal or the state information agency of the



initiating state.

1	(4) Obtain information concerning the location of the obligor and	
2	the obligor's property within Indiana that is not exempt from	
3	execution by the following methods:	
4	(1) (A) Postal verification.	
5	(2) (B) Federal or state locator services.	
6	(3) (C) Examination of telephone directories.	
7	(4) (D) Requests for the obligor's address from employers.	
8	(5) (E) Examination of governmental records, including, to the	
9	extent not prohibited by other law, records relating to the	
10	following:	
11	(A) (i) Real property.	
12	(B) (ii) Vital statistics.	
13	(C) (iii) Law enforcement.	
14	(D) (iv) Taxation.	
15	(E) (v) Motor vehicles.	
16	(F) (vi) Driver's licenses.	
17	(G) (vii) Social Security.	
18	(H) (viii) Worker's compensation.	
19	SECTION 27. IC 31-18-3-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 11. (a) A In a	
21	proceeding under this article, a petitioner seeking to establish or	
22	modify a support order, or to establish paternity, in a proceeding under	
23	this article or to register and modify a support order of another	
24	state must verify the file a petition. Unless otherwise ordered under	
25	section 12 of this chapter, the petition or accompanying documents	
26	must provide the following if available:	
27	(1) The names, residential addresses, and Social Security numbers	
28	of the obligor and the obligee or the parent and alleged parent.	
29	(2) The name, sex, residential address, Social Security number,	
30	and date of birth of each child for whom whose benefit support	
31	is sought or for whom paternity is to be determined.	
32	(3) Any other information that may assist in locating or	
33	identifying the respondent.	
34	(b) Unless filed at the time of registration, the petition must:	
35	(1) be accompanied by a certified copy of any support order in	
36	effect; known to have been issued by another tribunal; and	
37	(2) specify the relief sought.	
38	(c) The petition and accompanying documents must conform	
39	substantially with the requirements imposed by the forms mandated by	
40	federal law for use in cases filed by a support enforcement agency.	
41	SECTION 28. IC 31-18-3-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
42	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 12. Upon a finding,	



	10
1	which may be made ex parte, that the health, safety, or liberty of a party
2	or child may be unreasonably put at risk by the disclosure of identifying
3	information, or as provided by an existing order, a tribunal or a Title
4	IV-D agency or its agents may determine that:
5	(1) the address of the party or child; or
6	(2) other identifying information;
7	may not be disclosed in a pleading or other document filed in a
8	proceeding under this article. If a party alleges in an affidavit or a
9	pleading under oath that the health, safety, or liberty of a party or
10	child would be jeopardized by disclosure of specific identifying
11	information, the information must be sealed and may not be
12	disclosed to the other party or the public. After a hearing in which
13	a tribunal takes into consideration the health, safety, and liberty of
14	the party or child, the tribunal may order disclosure of information
15	that the tribunal determines to be in the interest of justice.
16	SECTION 29. IC 31-18-3-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 14. (a) Participation by
18	a petitioner in a proceeding under this article before a responding
19	tribunal whether:
20	(1) in person;
21	(2) by private attorney; or
22	(3) through services provided by the Title IV-D agency or its
23	agents;
24	does not confer personal jurisdiction over the petitioner in another
25	proceeding.
26	(b) A petitioner is not amenable to service of civil process while
27	physically present in Indiana to participate in a proceeding under this
28	article.
29	(c) The immunity granted by this section does not extend to civil
30	litigation based on acts unrelated to a proceeding under this article
31	committed by a party while physically present in Indiana to participate
32	in the proceeding.
33	SECTION 30. IC 31-18-3-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
34	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 16. (a) The physical
35	presence of the petitioner a nonresident party is not required in a
36	responding an Indiana tribunal: is not required:
37	(1) for establishing, enforcing, or modifying a support order; or
38	(2) for a judgment of paternity.
39	(b) A verified petition, An affidavit, or a document substantially
40	complying with federally mandated forms, and or a document

incorporated by reference in any of them, which would not be

excluded under the hearsay rule if given in person, is admissible into



41

42

1	evidence if given under oath penalty of perjury by a party or witness
2	residing in another state.
3	(c) A copy of the record of child support payments certified as a true
4	copy of the original by the custodian of the record may be forwarded
5	to a responding tribunal. The certified copy is:
6	(1) evidence of facts asserted in the copy; and
7	(2) admissible to show whether payments were made.
8	(d) Copies of bills for:
9	(1) paternity testing; and
10	(2) prenatal and postnatal health care of the mother and child;
11	furnished to the adverse party at least ten (10) days before trial are
12	admissible into evidence to prove the amount of the charges billed and
13	that the charges were reasonable, necessary, and customary.
14	(e) Documentary evidence transmitted from another state to an
15	Indiana tribunal by telephone, telecopier, or other means that do not
16	provide an original writing record may not be excluded from evidence
17	on an objection based on the means of transmission.
18	(f) In a proceeding under this article, an Indiana tribunal may shall
19	permit a party or witness residing in another state to be deposed or to
20	testify by telephone, audiovisual means, or other electronic means at:
21	(1) a designated tribunal; or
22	(2) another designated location in the other state.
23	The deposition or testimony must be conducted while the party or
24	witness is under oath. An Indiana tribunal shall cooperate with a
25	tribunal in another state in designating an appropriate location for the
26	deposition or testimony.
27	(g) If a party called to testify at a civil hearing refuses to answer on
28	the ground that the testimony may be self-incriminating, the trier of fact
29	may draw an adverse inference from the refusal.
30	(h) A privilege against disclosure of communications between
31	spouses who are parties to the proceeding does not apply in a
32	proceeding under this article.
33	(i) A voluntary acknowledgment of paternity, certified as a true
34	copy, is admissible to establish the paternity of the child.
35	SECTION 31. IC 31-18-3-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 17. (a) An Indiana
37	tribunal may communicate with a tribunal of another state or a foreign
38	country or political subdivision in writing, a record, by telephone, or
39	any other means to obtain information concerning the:
40	(1) laws of the other state or foreign country or political
41	subdivision;
42	(2) legal effect of a judgment, a decree, or an order of the other



1	state's tribunal or foreign country or political subdivision; and	
2	(3) status of a proceeding in the other state or foreign country or	
3	political subdivision.	
4	(b) An Indiana tribunal may furnish similar information by similar	
5	means to a tribunal of another state or foreign country or political	
6	subdivision.	
7	SECTION 32. IC 31-18-3-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 19. (a) An Indiana	
9	Title IV-D agency or an Indiana tribunal shall promptly disburse	
10	amounts received under a support order as directed by the order. The	
11	agency or tribunal shall furnish to a:	
12	(1) requesting party; or	`
13	(2) tribunal of another state;	
14	a certified statement by the custodian of the record of the amount and	
15	date of each payment received.	
16	(b) If neither the obligor, the obligee who is an individual, nor	
17	the child resides in Indiana, upon request from a Title IV-D agency	
18	in Indiana or another state, an Indiana tribunal shall:	
19	(1) direct the support payment to be made to the Title IV-D	
20	agency in the state in which the obligee is receiving services;	
21	and	
22	(2) issue and send to the obligor's employer a conforming	
23	income withholding order or a notice of change of payee,	
24	reflecting the redirected payments.	
25	(c) An Indiana Title IV-D agency receiving redirected payments	
26	from another state under a law similar to subsection (b) shall	
27	furnish to a requesting party or tribunal of another state a certified	
28	statement by the custodian of the record of the amount and dates	
29	of all payments received.	
30	SECTION 33. IC 31-18-4-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 2. The tribunal may	
32	issue a temporary child support order upon a finding, after notice and	
33	opportunity to be heard, that:	
34	(1) the respondent has signed a verified statement acknowledging	
35	paternity; or	
36	(2) the respondent's paternity has been established.	
37	if the tribunal determines that the order is appropriate and the	
38	individual ordered to pay is:	
39 40	(1) a presumed father of the child;	
40 41	(2) a petitioner in an action to have paternity adjudicated;	
41	(3) the father of the child identified through genetic testing;	
42	(4) an alleged father who has declined to submit to genetic	



1	testing;
2	(5) the father of the child based on clear and convincing
3	evidence;
4	(6) the father based on the filing of a document or pleading
5	under IC 16-37-2-2.1 or IC 31-14-8-1;
6	(7) the mother of the child; or
7	(8) an individual who has been ordered to pay child support
8	in a previous proceeding, and the order has not been reversed
9	or vacated.
0	SECTION 34. IC 31-18-5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1. (a) An income
12	withholding order issued in another state may be sent by first class mail
13	by or on behalf of the obligee or Title IV-D agency of another state
14	to the person or entity defined as the obligor's income payor under
.5	Indiana's income withholding law under IC 31-16-15 without first filing
6	a petition or registering the order with an Indiana tribunal. Upon receipt
7	of the order, the income payor shall:
8	(1) treat an income withholding order issued in another state that
9	appears regular on its face as if the order had been issued by an
20	Indiana tribunal;
21	(2) immediately provide a copy of the order to the obligor; and
22	(3) distribute the funds as specified in section 1.1 of this chapter.
23	(b) An obligor may contest the validity or enforcement of an income
24	withholding order issued in another state by registering the order in
2.5	an Indiana tribunal and filing a contest of that order as provided
6	in IC 31-18-6, or otherwise contesting the order in the same manner
27	as if the order had been issued by an Indiana tribunal. IC 31-18-6
28	applies to the contest.
29	(c) The obligor shall give notice of the contest under this section to:
0	(1) any support enforcement agency providing services to the
31	obligee; and
32	(2) a person or an agency designated in the income withholding
3	order to receive payments, or if a person or an agency is not
4	designated, the obligee.
35	SECTION 35. IC 31-18-5-1.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
86	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1.1. (a) Except as
37	provided in subsection (b) and IC 31-18-6-2.1, an employer shall
38	withhold and distribute the funds as directed in a withholding order by
39	complying with the applicable terms of the order that specify the
10	following:

(1) The duration and the amount of periodic payments of current

child support, stated as a certain sum.



41

1	(2) The person or agency designated to receive payments and the
2	address to which the payments are to be forwarded.
3	(3) Medical support, whether in the form of periodic cash
4	payments, stated as a certain sum, or an order to the obligor to
5	provide health insurance coverage for the child under a policy
6	available through the obligor's employment.
7	(4) The amount of periodic payments of fees and costs for a
8	support enforcement agency, the issuing tribunal, and the
9	obligee's attorney, stated as a certain sum.
0	(5) The amount of periodic payments of arrears and interest on
. 1	arrears, stated as a certain sum.
2	(b) The employer shall comply with the law of the state of the
3	obligor's principal place of employment for withholding from income
4	with respect to:
.5	(1) the employer's fee for processing an income withholding order
6	or credit;
7	(2) the maximum amount permitted to be withheld from the
8	obligor's income; and
9	(3) the periods within which the employer must implement the
20	withholding order and forward the child support payment.
21	SECTION 36. IC 31-18-6-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 2. (a) A support order
23	or an income withholding order of another state may be registered in
24	Indiana by sending the following documents records and information
25	to the appropriate tribunal in Indiana:
26	(1) A letter of transmittal to the tribunal requesting registration
27	and enforcement.
28	(2) Two (2) copies, including one (1) certified copy, of each the
29	order that is required to be registered, including any modification
0	of an the order.
31	(3) A sworn statement by the party seeking person requesting
32	registration or a certified statement by the custodian of the records
33	showing the amount of any arrearage.
34	(4) The name of the obligor and, if known:
35	(A) the obligor's address and Social Security number;
66	(B) the name and address of the obligor's employer and any
37	other source of income of the obligor; and
8	(C) a description and the location of property of the obligor in
9	Indiana not exempt from execution.
10	(5) Except as provided in IC 31-18-3-12, the name and address
1	of the obligee and, if applicable, the agency or person to whom
12	support payments must be remitted.



1	(b) On receipt of a request for registration, the registering tribunal
2	shall cause the order to be filed as a foreign judgment, together with
3	one (1) copy of the documents and information, regardless of form.
4	(c) A petition seeking a remedy that must be affirmatively sought
5	under other Indiana law may be filed at the same time as the request for
6	registration or later. The petition must specify the grounds for the
7	remedy sought.
8	(d) If two (2) or more orders are in effect, the person requesting
9	registration shall:
10	(1) furnish to the tribunal a copy of each support order
11	asserted to be in effect in addition to the documents specified
12	in this section;
13	(2) specify the order alleged to be the controlling order, if any;
14	and
15	(3) specify the amount of consolidated arrearage, if any.
16	(e) If two (2) or more orders are in effect, a request for a
17	determination of which order is the controlling order may be filed
18	separately, or with a request for registration and enforcement or
19	a request for registration and modification. The person requesting
20	registration shall give notice of the request to each party whose
21	rights may be affected by the determination.
22	SECTION 37. IC 31-18-6-2.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 2.1. If an obligor's
24	employer receives multiple two (2) or more orders to withhold support
25	from the earnings of the same obligor, the employer shall be considered
26	to have satisfied the terms of the multiple orders if the law of the state
27	of the obligor's principal place of employment to establish the priorities
28	for withholding and allocating income withheld from multiple two (2)
29	or more child support obligees is complied with.
30	SECTION 38. IC 31-18-6-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as
32	provided in subsection (d), the law of the issuing state governs the:
33	(1) nature, extent, amount, and duration of current payments and
34	other obligations of support; and for a registered support order;
35	(2) the computation and payment of arrearages and accrual of
36	interest on the arrearages under the support order; and
37	(3) the existence and satisfaction of other obligations under
38	the support order.
39	(b) In a proceeding for arrearages under a registered support
40	order, the statute of limitations under:
41	(1) Indiana law; or
42	(2) the law of the issuing state;



	22	
1	whichever is longer, applies.	
2	(c) A responding Indiana tribunal shall apply Indiana	
3	procedures and remedies to enforce current support and collect	
4	arrears and interest due on a support order of another state	
5	registered in Indiana.	
6	(d) After a tribunal of another state determines which is the	
7	controlling order and issues an order consolidating arrears, if any,	
8	an Indiana tribunal shall prospectively apply the law of the state	
9	issuing the controlling order, including its law on interest on	_
10	arrears, on current and future support, and on consolidated	4
11	arrears.	
12	SECTION 39. IC 31-18-6-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	•
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 11. (a) After If section	
14	13 of this chapter does not apply, and except as provided in section	
15	14 of this chapter, upon petition an Indiana tribunal may modify	
16	a child support order issued in another state that has been registered in	4
17	Indiana unless the provisions of section 13 of this chapter apply, the	
18	responding Indiana tribunal may modify the order only if, after notice	
19	and hearing, the responding tribunal finds that:	
20	(1) the:	
21	(A) child, individual obligee, and obligor do not reside in the	
22	issuing state;	
23	(B) petitioner who is a nonresident of Indiana seeks	
24	modification; and	
25	(C) respondent is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the	
26	Indiana tribunal; or	
27	(2) Indiana is the residence of an individual party or the child is	
28	subject to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal and all of the	,
29	individual parties have filed a written consent in a record in the	
30	issuing tribunal providing that an Indiana tribunal may modify the	
31	support order and assume continuing, exclusive jurisdiction. over	
32	the order. However, if the issuing state is a foreign jurisdiction	
33	that has not enacted the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act,	
34	the written consent of the individual party residing in Indiana is	
35	not required for the tribunal to assume jurisdiction to modify the	
36	child support order.	
37	(b) Modification of a registered child support order is subject to the	
38	same requirements, procedures, and defenses that apply to the	
39	modification of an order issued by an Indiana tribunal. The order may	
40	be enforced and satisfied in the same manner.	
41	(c) Except as provided in section 14 of this chapter, an Indiana	

tribunal may not modify any aspect of a child support order that may



1	not be modified under the law of the issuing state, including the
2	duration of the obligation of support. If two (2) or more tribunals
3	have issued child support orders for the same obligor and same child,
4	the order that is controlling and must be recognized under the
5	provisions of IC 31-18-2-7 establishes the nonmodifiable aspects of the
6	support order.
7	(d) Upon the modification of a child support order issued in another
8	state, an Indiana tribunal becomes the tribunal of continuing, exclusive
9	jurisdiction.
10	(e) Not more than thirty (30) days after issuing a modified child
11	support order, the party obtaining the modification shall file a certified
12	copy of the order:
13	(1) with the issuing tribunal that had continuing, exclusive
14	jurisdiction over the earlier order; and
15	(2) in each tribunal in which the party knows that the earlier order
16	has been registered.
17	(f) Failure of the party obtaining the order to file a certified copy as
18	required under subsection (e) subjects the party to appropriate
19	sanctions by a tribunal in which the issue of failure to file arises, but
20	the failure has no effect on the validity or enforceability of the modified
21	order of the new tribunal of continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.
22	(g) In a proceeding to modify a child support order, the law of
23	the state that is determined to have issued the initial controlling
24	order governs the duration of the obligation of support. The
25	obligor's fulfillment of the duty of support established by that
26	order precludes imposition of a further obligation of support by an
27	Indiana tribunal.
28	SECTION 40. IC 31-18-6-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
29	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 12. If a child support
30	order issued by an Indiana tribunal shall recognize a modification of
31	its earlier child support order is modified by a tribunal of another state
32	that assumed jurisdiction under a law substantially similar to this
33	article. Upon request, except as otherwise provided in this article, the
34	Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, the Indiana tribunal: shall
35	do the following:
36	(1) Enforce the may enforce its order that was modified only as
37	to amounts arrears and interest accruing before the
38	modification;
39	(2) Enforce only nonmodifiable aspects of the order.
40	(3) Provide other (2) may provide appropriate relief only for a
41	violation of the its order that occurred before the effective date of



the modification; and

1	(4) Recognize (3) shall recognize the modifying order of the
2	other state, upon registration, for the purpose of enforcement.
3	SECTION 41. IC 31-18-6-14 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
4	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
5	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 14. (a) If a foreign country or
6	political subdivision that is a state will not or may not modify its
7	order under its laws, an Indiana tribunal may assume jurisdiction
8	to modify the child support order and bind all individuals subject
9	to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal whether or not the
10	consent to modification of a child support order required of the
11	individual under section 11 of this chapter has been given or
12	whether the individual seeking modification is a resident of Indiana
13	or of the foreign country or political subdivision.
14	(b) An order issued under this section is the controlling order.
15	SECTION 42. IC 31-18-7-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1. (a) An Indiana
17	tribunal court authorized to determine paternity may serve as an
18	initiating or a responding tribunal in a proceeding to determine
19	paternity brought under
20	(1) this article or a law or procedure substantially similar to this
21	article. or
22	(2) a law or procedure substantially similar to the Uniform
23	Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act or the Revised Uniform
24	Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act;
25	to determine that the petitioner is a parent of a child or to determine
26	that a respondent is a parent of the child.
27	(b) In a proceeding to determine paternity, a responding Indiana
28	tribunal shall apply the:
29	(1) procedural and substantive law of Indiana; and
30	(2) rules of Indiana on choice of law.
31	SECTION 43. IC 31-18-8-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1. (a) As used in this
33	chapter, "governor" includes:
34	(1) an individual performing the functions of governor; or
35	(2) the executive authority of a state covered by this article.
36	(b) The governor of Indiana may:
37	(1) demand that the governor of another state surrender an
38	individual found in the other state who is charged criminally in
39	Indiana with having failed to provide for the support of an
40	obligee; or
41	(2) on the demand by of the governor of another state, surrender

an individual found in Indiana who is charged criminally in the



42

1	other state with having failed to provide for the support of an
2	obligee.
3	(c) A provision for extradition of individuals not inconsistent with
4	this article applies to the demand even if the individual whose
5	surrender is demanded was not in the demanding state when the crime
6	was allegedly committed and has not fled from the demanding state.
7	SECTION 44. IC 31-18-8-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 2. (a) Before making
9	a demand that the governor of another state surrender an individual
0	charged criminally in Indiana with having failed to provide for the
1	support of an obligee, the governor of Indiana may require a
2	prosecuting attorney in Indiana to demonstrate that:
3	(1) at least sixty (60) days previously the obligee had initiated
4	proceedings for support under this article; or
5	(2) the proceeding would be of no avail.
6	(b) If under
7	(1) this article or a law substantially similar to this article
8	(2) the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act; or
9	(3) the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act;
20	the governor of another state makes a demand that the governor of
21	Indiana surrender an individual charged criminally in that state with
22	having failed to provide for the support of a child or other individual to
23	whom a duty of support is owed, the governor may require a
24	prosecuting attorney to investigate the demand and report whether a
25	proceeding for support has been initiated or may be effective.
26	(c) If a proceeding for support may be effective but has not been
27	initiated, the governor may delay honoring the demand for a reasonable
28	time to permit the initiation of a proceeding.
29	(d) If a proceeding for support has been initiated and the individual
0	whose rendition is demanded prevails, the governor may decline to
31	honor the demand.
32	(e) If the:
33	(1) petitioner prevails; and
4	(2) individual whose rendition is demanded is subject to a support
35	order;
56	the governor may decline to honor the demand if the individual is
57	complying with the support order.
8	SECTION 45. IC 31-18-9-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1. This article must be
10	applied and construed to effectuate its general purpose to make uniform
1	In applying and construing the uniform act as contained in this
12	article, consideration must be given to the need to promote the



1	uniformity of the law with respect to the its subject of this article	
2	matter among states enacting that enact it.	
3	SECTION 46. IC 31-18-9-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 4. (a) Remedies under	
5	this article:	
6	(1) are cumulative; and	
7	(2) do not affect the availability of remedies under any other law;	
8	and	
9	(3) include the recognition of a support order of a foreign	
10	country or political subdivision on the basis of comity.	
11	(b) This article does not:	
12	(1) provide the exclusive method of establishing or enforcing	
13	a support order under Indiana law; or	
14	(2) grant an Indiana tribunal jurisdiction to render judgment	
15	or issue an order relating to child custody or visitation in a	_
16	proceeding under this article.	
17	SECTION 47. IC 31-18-9-2 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,	U
18	2005].	
		_
		V

